

# DECATUR MORNING REVIEW

VOL. XII NO 218

DECATUR, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 28, 1890.

10 CENTS A WEEK.

## ANXIOUS FOR SCALPS.

### Fierce Row Between Buffalo Bill and Dr. Carver.

#### HAMBURG IN A STATE OF SIEGE.

The City Filled with a Howling Mob of Indians and Cowboys Who Are Spelling for a Fight—More Manoeuvres of the British Navy—Timothy Healy's Speech at a League Meeting—Other Foreign Notes of Interest.

HAMBURG, Aug. 27.—Excitement over the fierce row between Buffalo Bill and Dr. Carver is intense. People are afraid to come out of doors after dark. The place is in a state of siege. The members of each troupe have openly declared their intention of fighting for their masters if the quarrel ends in a general fight. There can be no doubt but that it is only through the efforts of the civic authorities that bloodshed up to the present has been avoided. Dr. Carver has been following Col. Cody all through the latter's tour of the cities of the Continent and his performances have been better patronized than Bill's.

Got Ahead of Buffalo Bill.

Carver stole a march on his rival and arrived in Hamburg three days ahead. When Cody got here he found he was obliged to pitch his tent a few feet from Carver's show. Carver made arrangements for an exclusive supply of elephants and left Cody in the dark. Then members of both camps took up the matter, and it was through the strenuous efforts of the police officers that a fearful fight was prevented. Hamburg is filled with a howling mob of Indians and cowboys who are waiting for a chance to scalp each other. The town is covered with the posters of both parties. As soon as Cody's bills are pasted up Carver's assistants come around and tear them off and put them in their place.

In Need of Money.

It is an open secret that while Carver did an enormous business in Berlin and Vienna Cody fell flat. Sunday Cody and Carver opened at the same time. Carver gave two shows and had 30,000 visitors, while Cody only gave one, which was attended by 7,000 persons. It is rumored that the syndicate which brought Buffalo Bill to Europe this year has left him so that he is handicapped for want of money. Both leaders have announced an indefinite stay at Hamburg, which is filled with visitors who are afraid that serious trouble may break out at any moment. No actual cases of assault are reported, but threats of death are freely used.

#### BRITISH NAVAL MANOEUVRES.

The Fleet Now at Sea in Chase of Subversive Merchants.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—Sir Michael Culme-Seymour, admiral, having apparently demonstrated to his own satisfaction in the naval manoeuvres just closed that he could, with his portion of the fleet, break the lines of the defending squadrons under Admiral Sir George Tryon, has put to sea for the purpose, it is believed, of determining how long it would take him to sweep from the coast the leviathans of modern naval construction can prudently conduct hostilities in reasonable security from the torpedo boats with which nearly all the continental maritime powers are efficiently supplied.

Want to Avoid the Torpedo Boats.

These manoeuvres differed slightly from preceding events of the kind, in that they were largely devoted to ascertaining how far away from a coast the leviathans of modern naval construction can prudently conduct hostilities in reasonable security from the torpedo boats with which nearly all the continental maritime powers are efficiently supplied.

The Open Sea Preferred for a Fight.

In other words, England would prefer to draw her enemy out as far as possible from the open sea, having confidence in her ability to win a victory apart from the lurking dangers on an enemy's coast—dangers to which the slow-moving, coal-consuming monsters of the fleet are especially liable. These manoeuvres are considered much more practical and sensible than the sham attacks on the coast towns of Great Britain and Ireland, which, while theatrically attractive, were of but slight instruction to the sailors, and were attended by a series of blunders.

Proscription for Paying Rent Advocated.

DUBLIN, Aug. 27.—Speaking at a league meeting Tuesday Timothy Healy, referring to the potato blight in Ireland, said that nothing stood between the people and starvation during the coming winter. The sufferers might not legally withhold rents, but the man who paid rent and left his family to starve was little better than an assassin. If it was found necessary to appeal to the Irish in America and Australia the assistance thus obtained ought not to be shamed by any man who had paid rent during the preceding twelve months.

Heeld Up the Wrong Stake.

DALLAS, Colo., Aug. 27.—The stage running between here and Telluride was held up Tuesday near Haskell by road agents. The robbers numbered only two, both young men and masked. They were armed with four revolvers and a Winchester rifle. There is no doubt their object was to secure the returns from the King gold mine, eleven of which were sent out Monday morning, but by a different route. The value of the returns was over \$80,000. As it was they took the mail pouch, containing valuable registered letters. A posse has been organized and is now in pursuit.

Beckwith on His Muscle.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 27.—During a controversy in the house over the bill Wednesday, Beckwith, of New Jersey, tried to strike Wilson, of Washington. Representative Leb'ach, of New Jersey, was between them and Wilson was not hit. Williams, of Ohio, pulled Beckwith back in his seat and Beckwith struck at him. Several other members interfered and the combatants were separated before any injury was done.

A Coal Mine Flooded.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Aug. 27.—During the heavy rains Tuesday night the Mammoth Coal company's mine on the Swickley branch, was flooded with water. One man is known to have been drowned in the mine, and others are yet missing. Several mules were drowned, and the mine property was greatly damaged. Property along the Swickley valley was almost totally destroyed and the loss will be heavy.

Another Attack on Israel.

BOSTON, Aug. 27.—Fire Marshal Whitcomb, in his annual report, openly charges Russian and Polish Jews with being incendiaries, and arraigns the insurance companies as accessories before the fact for recklessly accepting risks from persons who over-insure for the sake of the premiums.

Labor Leader Errors Disclosed.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—The Daily Telegraph, in a leading article, discloses the following:

## BARRY AND POWDERLY.

### The Two Labor Leaders Exchange Compliments.

#### A VERY INSINUATING STATEMENT.

BARRY Says He Was Offered \$100,000 for a Bit of Information and Intimates That Powderly Gathered in the Bootle—What Powderly Says of It—Situation of the Two Railroad Strikes at Chicago—A Strike Averted.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The sun's Detroit special says: Tom Barry, formerly of the executive board of the knights, in an interview as to the outlook in the present strike, said it was a failure from the start, because it lacked proper executive ability behind it. Powderly did not take hold until too late to be of service. When asked why Knights of Labor strike failed all over the country, he said: "If you want me to tell you what is the reason that the knights are a back number, why, here it is: Did you ever hear of an officer in an organization trying to bleed the members for all there was in it? Yes, perhaps you have."

Offered a Bribe of \$100,000.

Let me tell you something. Do you remember the great Southwestern strike? Well, I was right in the midst of that quarrel. The stocks of the railroad fell right out of sight. While this strike was on I was approached by a Wall street man and offered \$100,000 in cold cash to tell in advance when the strike was to be settled. I told the broker I was not in it that way. I refused that \$100,000, but as a member of the board I laid the proposition before the others. Of course they rejected it with scorn, but twenty-four hours later Mr. Powderly was in New York negotiating with the very broker whom I slighted. One day later the strike was declared off.

An Unmitigated Lie.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The Evening Sun has an interview with Grand Master Workman Powderly relative to the charge made by Barry. In it Mr. Powderly says: "Mr. Barry is an unmitigated liar. Mr. Barry was himself discharged from the order because he was crooked in money transactions and because he misappropriated funds. It is a proof sufficient as to the falsity of his assertions when it is well known that I was not in the order during the strike in 1886. I do not believe he even had an offer of \$100,000. Men like Barry usually are willing to accept money offers and are usually purchased at their price—a drink of whisky."

STRIKES AT CHICAGO.

SITUATION AT THE STOCK YARDS AND ON THE CHICAGO AND ALTON.

CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—The blockade at the stock yards, caused first by the strike of the engineers and firemen of the Switching association, and subsequently by the strike of the switchmen, was almost raised. Wednesday morning, about a dozen engines, manned by officials of the different roads, were shifting the dead trains so that ice cars could be reached. There were not so many passengers about the yards as on Tuesday, and the forty-five strikers who congregated in the neighborhood of the yardmaster's office made no demonstration. It is now believed that the strike will be over and the men at work before very long. The strikers, it is said, will not allow the dissolution of the Switching association, and as the strikers have signified a willingness to return to work at their old wages it is believed that some sort of a compromise will be arrived at Thursday.

Admitted That She Lied.

The wife still claimed that she had no interest in the master, and as a result Schultheis was married to Bertha May 25. The first of this month Capt. Koch presented positive evidence that the alleged sister had been married to the officer for twelve years, and so he had him discharged. The first wife finally admitted that she had lied to save her husband, and with No. 2 wrote out "no warrant."

State Secretary Lewis Dead.

LAKE GENEVA, Wis., Aug. 27.—State Secretary W. E. Lewis died very suddenly at the grounds of the Western Secretarial Institute on the north shore of Lake Geneva of heart failure Monday night at 10:30 o'clock. He had had an attack of pleurisy and been ailing for a few days but nothing had caused alarm to his friends. Mr. Lewis was about 55 years old, was a soldier in the late war, a member of the Thirty-seventh Massachusetts regiment. He received a wound during his service which has given him much trouble and doubtless was one of the causes of his sudden demise. Fifteen years ago he came to the state of Wisconsin to engage in building up the Y. M. C. A.

A Shorthorn in the Hop Crop.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Aug. 27.—The New England Home east carefully prepared a report of the hop crop of the country. It shows that there is a considerable shortage, particularly in New York state. The average yield of all the growing territory will fall nearly 20 per cent under a full crop.

In New York state only three quarters of an average crop will be harvested.

Massachusetts, which grows 75 per cent of a full crop, Maine 60 per cent; Vermont a full crop; Wisconsin 50 and California 30. Prices have reached 40 cents a pound in New York and 27 cents in California. The prices offered in these two states govern the sales in other states. While the crop is short the quality is better than usual.

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CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—The blockade at

Decatur, Illinois.

EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.

THE REVIEW PUBLISHING CO.,  
128-130 Prairie Street  
R. E. PRATT, President  
JERRY DOMAINE, Secy and Tress.  
J. P. DRENNAN, General Manager.[Entered at the Decatur, Ill., Post-Office as  
Second Class Matter.]

## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year (in advance) \$ 5 00  
Six months (in advance) 2 50  
Three months (in advance) 1 50  
Per week 1 00Advertising rates made known on application  
at the office.

THURSDAY, AUGUST, 28, 1890.

## DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State Ticket.

For United States Senator,  
JOHN M. PALMER.

For State Treasurer...EDWARD S. WILSON

For Supt Pub. Instruction...HENRY RAAB

For Trustees Illinois...JOHN H. BRYANT,

University...N. W. GRAHAM

RICH'D D. MORGAN

Judicial Ticket.

For Clerk Supreme Court, E. A. SNIVELY

For Clerk Appellate Court, GEO. W. JONES

Congressional Ticket.

FOR CONGRESSMAN,

OWEN SCOTT.

THE CORN DEALER.

When our republican friends make the statement that the profits of agriculture in England were largely taken away by free trade, and accompany this statement with a citation of exceptional instances, they are not presenting to our farmers a line of argument that will damn the cause of protection?

The conditions that have been set out in the case as presented by South Water are not the ones that surround our farmers. It is stated that England was unable to produce enough wheat to supply its own demand. While that was the case it was possible for the English farmer to temporarily get more than a fair price for his own wheat by having a duty imposed on imports.

It should be remembered that the farmers in this country are differently situated. They produce more than will satisfy the demands of home consumption. Our farmers are as deeply interested in facilitating exports as the English farmers conceived themselves to be in obstructing imports. The English farmer wanted to keep others out of his market; our farmers want to break into other people's markets.

And will you please note the similarity between the ancient case of the English farmer and the present case of our manufacturer. Some of our fellows who claim protection are admittedly unable to supply the demand. Other manufacturers are fully able to supply the demand, but they meet in consultation once or twice a year and make an arrangement by which they effect an artificial scarcity of supply. The factories shut down for four or six months in the year. This is a matter of such common and regular occurrence that it now excites no comment.

In this way our manufacturers keep within the demand. By manipulation they secure the position that fell naturally to the old English farmer. There is no such thing as competition among them. They charge for their wares whatever the tariff will allow them. We know there are some exceptions to this; and such was often the case under the old corn laws.

Now The Rep says that those who had a monopoly in England's markets were made to come down from their high prices by the introduction of free trade. As a matter of fact it was only the exceptional and oppressive prices that had to go. The situation in England produced a class known as corn dealers. Those few sometimes got control of the crops, held a little consultation among themselves and put the price of wheat just as high as the duty would allow them. They came to be the most heartily hated men in England. Compared with them, the tax gatherer was a jolly good fellow and a desirable companion. The man who raised the crop got none of the benefit of this rascality. So far in the world's history he never has.

This ancient corn dealer has a lineage descendant on this side of the water; and our fellow is a chip off the old block. Our specimen forms a trust that both regulates the supply and the price; not of corn, but of manufactured goods. He is the enemy of our farmer, the leech that hangs to him in the name of patriotism. Our farmer is as much interested in getting rid of the laws that make this trust demon possible as were the workingmen of England in abolishing the laws that made the corn dealer.

If free trade was a good thing for the victims of the monopoly market in England, would it not be a good thing for the victims here? In our case the victims are the farmers. The conditions that surround us make it necessary for our farmer to go into the world's markets. He has always been doing this. You say the over-producers called for free trade in England and that it did them good. Then let the over-producers do the same thing here. You say that free trade cut down monopoly's prices in England; it is just something of that kind our farmers want to do.

## WHAT WAS SAID.

The people on South Water flatter themselves that the tariff reformers are trying to "let go" of the English market in the discussion of the condition that now confronts the American people. Word comes to us that "the hottest thing the tariff reformers have yet picked up as a veterans' is the statement that free trade has given the farmers of England the best market in the world." We are assured this statement is a boomerang which will grate about their ears during the whole campaign. The metaphor grows more than a little mixed here, and so it is laid off for repairs.

In the first place it should be pointed out that The Rep is misrepresenting. The original statement was a remark to our farmers to the effect that protection was not a sine qua non of a home market. To give an example in point it was shown that England had the greatest home

market for farm products. The Rep, after its usual fashion of loose reasoning, took hold of this illustration and made it read, "free trade gave England the best market." The quotation is from memory, but it is correct in substance. It was pointed out to The Rep that its statement of the original illustration was a perversion. The Rep felt only called upon to reiterate the version. Its attention is again called to the matter, and now we will watch to see if it makes a correction.

No man need hunt the woods because of a statement that "free trade gave England the best market in the world." But there is always objection to letting an opponent put words in your mouth. Whenever he does so it is your duty to protest, for whether or not you like the statement that is credited to you it is just as well to let those fellows who want to conduct both sides of the debate know that you are capable of talking for yourself. If you let them make your speech once, they will conclude they have a right to do so on all occasions. It is for this reason we tell The Rep that the original statement of The Review was that protection is not necessary to a good home market for farm products. England was given as an illustration. Perhaps it is further necessary to tell The Rep that there is a great difference between this and the statement that free trade gave England the best home market in the world. If there is any doubt on South Water as to the existence of this difference, let some of the friends be called in and consulted.

The Rep goes on to say, or to strongly intimate, that free trade was injurious to the agricultural industry in England. Considering this as an original statement on its part, we shall look at it in another place.

We would like to know what has become of the army Col. Elliott F. Shepard stood ready to bid God-speed into the South? A few days ago it was shooting women and children, and then insisting that it aimed at strikers. When the Colonel gives that gang its commission we ask him, as earnestly as we value our own hides, to instruct it not to aim at the enemy.

Our Rowell, come home. You will not be missed in Washington now since Quay concluded that the whole matter for which you have done such obedient piping is just about of enough importance to be dignified with a postponement.

Or one thing you can be sure; Senator Farwell never got the gout from the good things that were served at Harrison's table.

With sugar on the free list pie and cake ought to be cheaper than potatoes this coming winter.

Milmine. H. F. Mitchell was at Bement Tuesday. George Clark returned from St. Louis Monday.

Miss Rose Helm, of Sidney, visited here Monday.

Isaac LeFevre and wife, of Urbana, are visiting friends here.

E. Cross attended county court at Monticello a part of this week.

Ben Armsworth was one of the Decatur visitors from here this week.

A sister of Mrs. H. R. Dwell's from near Chicago, is visiting relatives here.

James Crook is our general postmaster during Mr. Cross' absence this week.

You & East are busy with their new hydralic cider press making cider for the farmers.

Several members of the I. O. O. F. attended the funeral of Mr. Wilson at Monticello Monday.

Attend the primaries next Saturday and make known your wishes for the coming county offices.

People from here who attended the Monticello fair last week, returned very much dissatisfied with the racing. They report most of it as being very poor.

William Meals and family, of Kansas this week. They are enroute for Pennsylvania for an extended visit with relatives.

The republican primaries for next Saturday promise to be quite interesting as there are quite a number of candidates and they have canvassed the county quite thoroughly.

C. C. Watch is busy this week cleaning and scrubbing the school house preparatory for the fall term of school. Mr. Watch is one of the most zealous teachers the school has had for years. The board did well in retaining him for another year.

Persson.

Mr. Stalworth is in Indiana.

Clay Pieron is plowing for wheat.

Charley Shelton is visiting in Springfield.

Mrs. S. Crist is visiting her mother in Vigo County, Ind.

Pierson will soon have a real estate and loan company in operation.

Guslie Chambers will start to Danville, Ind., to school next week.

Jacob Molsom, our German cook, did a lively business during the meeting here.

William Sutten, our wide-awake grain man, is putting in a large elevator at our town.

Steve Crill will move to Chesterville in the near future to the farm he has lately bought there.

The Pierson nine played a mixed nine at Williamsburg, Moultrie county, last Saturday evening, and got left.

J. B. Fisher's little girl has been very sick for a few days, but is improving under the treatment of Dr. Vance, of Bement.

Orville Davis made a dying visit to Eureka last Sunday evening. Orville thinks of starting a butcher shop here in the near future.

Our Baptist association adjourned Thursday evening. Rev. Smith of the Urbana church, preached the farewell sermon, which was said to be the best of the many that were preached during the meeting. Mr. McClain, of the Urbana Herald, was clerk of the association. Everybody had a good time, and all parted with the best of feelings. We will hold our next annual gathering in with the Fairmount folks. Rev. A. N. Sharp, of Rantoul, preached Sunday night.

Austin.

Special Correspondence to The Review.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Newton returned from Indiana last week.

Miss Lucy Doinkil of Decatur, is visiting here with Miss Mollie Rau.

Mrs. C. L. Hadley is in Indiana visiting her sister, Mrs. Carrie Walters.

Ed. A. Anderson and family of Sangamon county, made a pleasant stay among their relatives here on Saturday and Sunday.

The colored campmeeting on Salt Creek seems to present considerable attraction to our young people. Last Sunday there was the usual exodus in that direction.

J. W. Biggar drove to Salt Creek on Sunday to see J. P. Woody, a former well known resident of this township. Mr. Woody is severely affected with a cancerous tumor.

In the first place it should be pointed out that The Rep is misrepresenting. The original statement was a remark to our farmers to the effect that protection was not a sine qua non of a home market. To give an example in point it was shown that England had the greatest home

market for farm products. The Rep, after its usual fashion of loose reasoning, took hold of this illustration and made it read, "free trade gave England the best market." The quotation is from memory, but it is correct in substance. It was pointed out to The Rep that its statement of the original illustration was a perversion. The Rep felt only called upon to reiterate the version. Its attention is again called to the matter, and now we will watch to see if it makes a correction.

No man need hunt the woods because of a statement that "free trade gave England the best market in the world." But there is always objection to letting an opponent put words in your mouth. Whenever he does so it is your duty to protest, for whether or not you like the statement that is credited to you it is just as well to let those fellows who want to conduct both sides of the debate know that you are capable of talking for yourself. If you let them make your speech once, they will conclude they have a right to do so on all occasions. It is for this reason we tell The Rep that the original statement of The Review was that protection is not necessary to a good home market for farm products. England was given as an illustration. Perhaps it is further necessary to tell The Rep that there is a great difference between this and the statement that free trade gave England the best home market in the world. If there is any doubt on South Water as to the existence of this difference, let some of the friends be called in and consulted.

The Rep goes on to say, or to strongly intimate, that free trade was injurious to the agricultural industry in England. Considering this as an original statement on its part, we shall look at it in another place.

We would like to know what has become of the army Col. Elliott F. Shepard stood ready to bid God-speed into the South? A few days ago it was shooting women and children, and then insisting that it aimed at strikers. When the Colonel gives that gang its commission we ask him, as earnestly as we value our own hides, to instruct it not to aim at the enemy.

Our Rowell, come home. You will not be missed in Washington now since Quay concluded that the whole matter for which you have done such obedient piping is just about of enough importance to be dignified with a postponement.

Or one thing you can be sure; Senator Farwell never got the gout from the good things that were served at Harrison's table.

With sugar on the free list pie and cake ought to be cheaper than potatoes this coming winter.

Milmine. H. F. Mitchell was at Bement Tuesday. George Clark returned from St. Louis Monday.

Miss Rose Helm, of Sidney, visited here Monday.

Isaac LeFevre and wife, of Urbana, are visiting friends here.

E. Cross attended county court at Monticello a part of this week.

Ben Armsworth was one of the Decatur visitors from here this week.

A sister of Mrs. H. R. Dwell's from near Chicago, is visiting relatives here.

James Crook is our general postmaster during Mr. Cross' absence this week.

You & East are busy with their new hydralic cider press making cider for the farmers.

Several members of the I. O. O. F. attended the funeral of Mr. Wilson at Monticello Monday.

Attend the primaries next Saturday and make known your wishes for the coming county offices.

People from here who attended the Monticello fair last week, returned very much dissatisfied with the racing. They report most of it as being very poor.

William Meals and family, of Kansas this week. They are enroute for Pennsylvania for an extended visit with relatives.

The republican primaries for next Saturday promise to be quite interesting as there are quite a number of candidates and they have canvassed the county quite thoroughly.

C. C. Watch is busy this week cleaning and scrubbing the school house preparatory for the fall term of school. Mr. Watch is one of the most zealous teachers the school has had for years. The board did well in retaining him for another year.

Persson.

Mr. Stalworth is in Indiana.

Clay Pieron is plowing for wheat.

Charley Shelton is visiting in Springfield.

Mrs. S. Crist is visiting her mother in Vigo County, Ind.

Pierson will soon have a real estate and loan company in operation.

Guslie Chambers will start to Danville, Ind., to school next week.

Jacob Molsom, our German cook, did a lively business during the meeting here.

William Sutten, our wide-awake grain man, is putting in a large elevator at our town.

Steve Crill will move to Chesterville in the near future to the farm he has lately bought there.

The Pierson nine played a mixed nine at Williamsburg, Moultrie county, last Saturday evening, and got left.

J. B. Fisher's little girl has been very sick for a few days, but is improving under the treatment of Dr. Vance, of Bement.

Orville Davis made a dying visit to Eureka last Sunday evening. Orville thinks of starting a butcher shop here in the near future.

Our Baptist association adjourned Thursday evening. Rev. Smith of the Urbana church, preached the farewell sermon, which was said to be the best of the many that were preached during the meeting. Mr. McClain, of the Urbana Herald, was clerk of the association. Everybody had a good time, and all parted with the best of feelings. We will hold our next annual gathering in with the Fairmount folks. Rev. A. N. Sharp, of Rantoul, preached Sunday night.

Austin.

Special Correspondence to The Review.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Newton returned from Indiana last week.

Miss Lucy Doinkil of Decatur, is visiting here with Miss Mollie Rau.

Mrs. C. L. Hadley is in Indiana visiting her sister, Mrs. Carrie Walters.

Ed. A. Anderson and family of Sangamon county, made a pleasant stay among their relatives here on Saturday and Sunday.

The colored campmeeting on Salt Creek seems to present considerable attraction to our young people. Last Sunday there was the usual exodus in that direction.

J. W. Biggar drove to Salt Creek on Sunday to see J. P. Woody, a former well known resident of this township. Mr. Woody is severely affected with a cancerous tumor.

In the first place it should be pointed out that The Rep is

A. F. GEHPART & CO.

Having just received our fall line of

DOMESTIC CANTON Flannels

AND DARK : PRINTS.

HOSE a Specialty, also a fine line of Solid School Shoes, Hats, Caps, Clothing, and Wall Paper. We ask you to call and see our prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

A. F. GEHPART & CO.

1101-113 N. Water St. Telephone 113.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Notice not exceeding one line will be inserted in this column one week for twenty-five cents payable in advance.

WANTED.

WANTED—The people to know that I keep a general line of fresh, clean groceries and dry goods, for the town and country trade. Good pay weekly. A steady position with a nursery of over thirty years standing. Want good lively workers; will pay well. Good opportunities. No security or reference, no publicity. Beaverville's 215 south side park, Decatur, Ill.

WANTED—You know that you can buy of Beaverville anything to furnish your house with, and pay for it by the week or month, and have it goods delivered when you want them. No security or reference, no publicity. Beaverville's 215 south side park, Decatur, Ill.

WANTED—Agents to canvass for books, good profit. Liberal cash premiums, call at 234 West Main St. at 8 o'clock this morning.

WANTED—Salesmen to solicit for our well-known Nursery. Good wages for all, every man having his employment guaranteed. Write at once, before territory taken, stating age. CHAS. BROS., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—My residence property, No. 718 West William street, best part of city for residence. Best for selling or to be bought at other price. For terms, call at my office, A. T. SUMMERS, 140 North Water street or at the house.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—At Warrensburg, Ill., a house with rooms suitable for a hotel and restaurant, residence, best for selling or to be bought at other price. For terms, call at my office, M. H. Schroeder, Warrensburg, Ill.

FOR RENT—A new 7 room house on North Water street, best part of city for residence. Best for selling or to be bought at other price. For terms, call at my office, J. C. Scott, 262 Clinton, Ill.

TO LET—A well-furnished room with board in private family for one or two good men. Address, Look Box 277.

FOR RENT—Two well-furnished rooms near business portion of city. Will rent them singly. Inquire at this office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. A. FOSTER—Teacher of advanced piano playing. His term opens Monday September 1, 1890, at 123 North Main street. Office hours 9 a. m. to 11 a. m.

THE—Kepler Orchestra, new music and the veteran violinist, Mose Allison. Engagements filled at reasonable rates to suit all occasions. Address C. H. Kepler, 226 Bradford street, Decatur.

TWO. Good men to sell carpets and house furniture on consignment. Liberal pay to the right parties. New York Installment company, 112 North Franklin st.

GO—To the furniture exchange, 228 East Main to buy your second hand heating stoves, cook stoves, chairs, beds and tables at one-half price.

PARCELS having lace curtains, they with lace valances, have them sold at reasonable prices. Mrs. W. J. Holland's, 631 South Main street.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS:

D. A. S. WALTZ, Dentist, No. 128 East Main street.

BUCKINGHAM & SCHROEDER, Lawyers, No. 129 South Park street.

C. R. EWING, Attorneys at Law, No. 1 Powers's block.

DAVID HUTCHINSON, Attorney at Law. Office in Powers's block.

A. LIBERT T. SUMMERS, Attorney at Law, No. 140 North Water Street. Loans and collections. All classes of loans.

A. LIBERT G. WEBER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

OFFICE OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

D. J. KING, ATTORNEY.

OFFICE LIBRARY BLOCK, ENTRANCE ON WILLIAM ST., RESIDENCE 544 N. WATER ST.

Telephone No. 19. Telephone orders to my residence from whence they will be immediately telegraphed to my office.

M. DONALD & LEFROGE, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Opera House Block.

Decatur, Ill.

C. P. KENNEDY, M. D., DECATUR, Ill.

Has moved his office over Schilling's drug store, East Eldorado street, where he can be found day and night. Telephone, No. 222.

J. S. CUSSENS, M. D., PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

Office—Casper Block, opposite Postoffice.

Telephone—Office, 242. Residence, 544.

Residence, 538 South College.

JAMES J. FINN, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Master in chancery, writing on behalf of acknowledged business interests, &c. And general business, will receive careful attention.

Office over Linn & Scruggs.

1890-1855

35.

SEALED BIDS.

Public notice is hereby given that the contract for the improvement of the following alleys: the alley running north and south between North Main street and North Church street from the north line of East William street, the alley running north and south between South Main street and South Water street, the alley running north and south between South Main street and South Church street from the north line of East William street, the alley running north and south between North Main street and North Church from the north line of West Main street, the alley running north and south between South Main street and South Water street; the alley running north and south between South Main street and South Church street from the north line of East William street, the alley running north and south between North Main street and North Church from the north line of West Main street, shall be improved by grading, graveling, guttering, curbing and paving with brick, according to the plans and specifications of the ordinance of the city of Decatur, for the purpose of treating all diseases of the lymph and skin, and also to treat chronic diseases, including a vegetable compound. The Contractors must furnish brick equal to the samples on file in the city clerk's office, and will be paid for the work done in the city of Decatur, Illinois, from the date hereof until 4 o'clock p. m. of Monday, September 1, 1890. For the labor and materials for said work, and for the entire improvement including labor and materials the Contractors must furnish brick equal to the samples on file in the city clerk's office, and will be paid for the work done in the city of Decatur, Illinois, from the date hereof until 4 o'clock p. m. of Monday, September 1, 1890. Any one having any of the above diseases, and who wishes to be treated, may do so at any of the above places, and will be paid for the same by the city council to whom will be submitted the bills. All bids when received will be submitted to the city council for action.

F. C. GARNETT, City Clerk.



N.Y. FAIRBANK & CO.—CHICAGO.

MADE ONLY BY

THE SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

ALL GROCERS SELL SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

Always use THE SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

ICE CREAM AT WOOD'S

142 MERCHANT ST.

DON'T WASTE

Your Time and Money on old Shoes, buy New Stylish Fall Foot Wear at Prices that you Cannot Match Outside of the Wholesale and Retail Shoe Store of

**POWERS'**

Just think of a Lady's Fine Kid Shoe, Patent Tip at 98c, worth double.

Splendid Solid Workingman's shoe at 90c, other stores are trying to get \$1.50 for the same article.

\$2.00 Buy the Celebrated Shamrock Calf Shoe, best value on earth.

POWERS is the sole agent for the Decatur Shoe Factory, shoes. They are most reliable.

**THE RACE CLOTHING MANUFACTURING COMPANY**

SUCCESSORS TO

**J. R. RACE & Co.**

**CLOTHIERS CLOTHIERS**

**GENTS FURNISHERS**

AND

**FINE MERCHANT TAILORS**

Note the Following Prices:

200 Boy's Outing Cloth Waists, sizes 4 to 13, 25 and 50c

200 Boy's Seersucker coats and vests 75c

200 Men's Seersucker coats and vests \$1.00

300 Work shirts, our own make \$1.00

Men's coat, vest and shirt \$1.00

500 Pairs Men's Moleskin pants \$1.00

300 Pairs Boy's Moleskin pants 75c

Best Child's Suit in the City \$1.50

The above is all our own manufacture, and guaranteed perfect in every respect. Straw hats by the thousand.

Examine our \$1.25 and \$1.50 Manilla hats sold every where for \$1.50 and \$2.00.

Agents for the Celebrated Youman hats and Dayton shirt.

Summer coats, vests and flannel shirts in all colors grades and prices.

**RACE CLOTHING MANUFACTURING CO.**

129-135 NORTH WATER.

**1890-1855**

**35.**

We prefer buying our Beef from the FARMERS OF MACON COUNTY rather than from Dressed Beef firms in St. Louis or Chicago. Believing that it is QUALITY rather than quantity that the public desire, we shall continue to sell only the best of Meats, procured from animals raised and matured on Macon county farms, and respectfully ask for a continuance of your patronage, heretofore so liberally bestowed.

**IMBODEN BROS.**

**Dr. M. BRANDON.**

One of the twin brothers located in Decatur, for the purpose of treating all diseases of the lymph and skin, and also to treat chronic diseases, including a vegetable compound.

For sale by T. S. CARR,

242 Main street.

CHASER THAN EVER.

THE BEST PUMP MADE.

FOR SALE BY

T. S. CARR,

242 Main street.

PUMPS PUMPS

CHASER THAN EVER.

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242 Main street.

CHASER THAN EVER.

THE BEST

There are many men of many minds, and almost every man has a different opinion of what constitutes

# A GOOD SUIT OF CLOTHES.

Intrinsic value is what every customer, rich or poor, is looking for and often fails to get, as he does not pay enough attention to FIT, TRIMMING and WORKMANSHIP, while others fail because of a lack of knowledge of what constitutes these things.

We do not claim to know everything about the Clothing Business, but can and will offer as many inducements to get and hold trade as any concern in the country.

For the next 30 days we will offer to the trade

300 ALL WOOL MEN'S CASSIMERE SUITS  
FROM

**\$6.50 TO \$1.0**

WORTH FROM

**\$10 TO \$18**

Garments which have been selected from our Large Stock, on account of broken lots, there being but one suit in some lots and two or three in others. We need the room for our Fall Stock and the above must go.

Our Boy's and Children's department will fare the same way.

**B. STINE CLOTHING CO**

A Bag of marble given away with each boy's suits.

**E. J. HARPSTRITE.**

**THE JEWELER**

Has just received the finest line of Onyx Bronze and Silver Bronze Clocks and Figures ever shown in the city. If you want something for a wedding present, call and look at these goods, and I am sure you will be suited for the week.

**\$6.50 \$6.50**

buys one ton of the best hard

**COAL**

ALL (REAL OLD LEE) MINED  
AT MANTICOKE, PA. ALSO THE  
BEST OF LUMP COAL WELL  
SCREENED AT PRICES AS LOW  
AS THE LOWEST AT

**SCHOOLCRAFT'S**  
886 E. Eldorado St. Telephone No. 3.

**A. O. BOLEN,**

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE  
AND LOANS OFFICE,  
OVER MILLIKIN'S BUILDING,  
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

If you want bargains in lots, I have some, if you want a house and lot I have some, again I have a few houses and lots on monthly payments. Money to loan on city property and see me, no trouble to show you what I have to offer. If you want to sell your property leave it with me, I will sell it for you, if you want to trade I can give you a map; have property of all kinds for sale or trade.

Frank Williams was doing his usual work about the barn yesterday morning when he noticed over to the southwest something red in the field, which he at first thought was a basket of clothes with a red table cover over it. The morning was foggy, and it was hardly daylight. Frank didn't see very clearly and thought but little about the matter. He was at his home, about a block north of the city limits, near the end of Edward Street. This red article that he saw was just inside the hedge fence that ran along the north side of Pugh street, and would have been on the west line of Edward street if it had crossed the Pugh street, instead of stopping in front. Like Hawkins he went to his room without seeing anything to cause alarm.

**CHILDREN MISE THEIR MOTHER.**

Yesterday morning the two young men

were aroused by hearing the three little children calling their mamma. That was just after 6. Fred went down to them and found them either in bed, or just getting out of it. They cried that their mamma was gone. The oldest girl, Nettie, said her mamma had gone out early in the night, telling the child to be still.

Fred went to the residence of Mrs. Eugene Boone, a short distance away, to ask if they had seen anything of Mrs. Mathias. Getting a negative answer there he returned to the house, and then met A. J. Williams, who had come to tell the colonel's family of the mother's death.

**COL. MATHIAS**

was at Bethany on business. He buys and sells hay, but lately formed a partnership in the lighting rod business with Anderson Bradley, and had gone to Bethany Monday to drum up trade. He was there yesterday morning when he received the telegram that his wife was dead. At 11 o'clock he reached Decatur on a P. D. & E. freight train, and went at once to Perl's undertaking rooms to see his wife's body. The colonel was visibly affected. He could scarcely speak. Tears stood in his eyes and anguish was heard in voice. After a short stop at Perl's, he went on home to meet his three motherless children, and tell them as best he could that they would not see their mamma again alive.

**HEAD GROANS.**

Fred Muzz, who lives on West Pugh street, west of where the body was found, probably heard the last sound made on earth by the voice of Mrs. Mathias. He works at the Novelty Works. Tuesday night after supper, he came down town to bring some cedar in a road cart. Going back, he passed the gap in the hedge fence between 9:15 and 9:30 o'clock. The moon was shining, but not clearly just then. A few feet from the gap, Fred heard groans over the hedge fence. He turned his head to look that way, but at that moment his pony, which is nervous, and was hurrying to get home, gave a jump, and all his attention was given to holding two empty kegs in the road cart and keeping the horse under control. The horse trotted briskly then the remaining keg or so to Muzz's residence, and gave everything as usual there. Fred gave but little thought to the groans. He has frequently seen people in the orchard at all hours of the night for various legitimate and illegitimate purposes, so he concluded that if any one was behind the hedge, they were all right, so far as he was concerned. His wife at the house had heard no unusual sounds in the direction of the gap in the hedge.

**MRS. MATHIAS**

wife of Col. Mathias, who lives at the northeast corner of Union and Edmund streets, a trifle over two blocks away.

Williams went back home, told his son Frank what he had found, and went to the Mathias residence.

Frank Williams went over to the spot.

Mr. Ehrhart came shortly afterwards.

They looked the ground over closely.

There were tracks all around in the soft ground of the stubble field.

Approaching the spot from the east were the tracks of two people, a man and a woman, who had evidently come from that way very leisurely, and passed on about 75 feet further west, where they had stopped and talked, or sat down on a cultivator that was standing there.

Then, the returning tracks were seen.

Clearly they had been made by some one or more men. They were farther apart, heavier, and the man's footprints, in one or two places, partly obscured the woman's, as if it had been put there afterwards.

These tracks stop in the little spot marked off by the struggle. How the man had gotten away was not discovered, because the people began to gather there and soon the crowd had tracked the ground up to the hedge.

**MRS. MATHIAS**

was a woman of most attractive appearance, though she was not what one would call handsome. She was pleasing in address and made a good impression by her graceful manner. She was extremely well formed, of perfect proportions, though rather small. She was 25 years old, and had been married about eight years. Her maiden name was Lina Culver, and she married Mr. Mathias in Indiana.

Her mother was sent for yesterday and was expected to arrive last night.

**CRAWFORD AND MRS. MATHIAS.**

something About Their Relations with Each Other.

Of course there have been a hundred different stories about the relations that existed between Mrs. Mathias and Crawford. The mere fact that they were two blocks from her home, after night, in a lonesome spot would suggest some of them. It is a fact that while Crawford was working for Col. Mathias he formed a violent attachment for Mrs. Mathias that he was at no pains to conceal. She did not perhaps repulse him with the earnestness that might have been expected from one who was as true to her wife and motherly duties in every way as she was. She was young then, Crawford was a handsome man, and probably his attention fatigued her woman's heart. Not fearing afraid of him, she might have shown him more friendliness than was safe, in view of his desperate character. She frequently told a friend that she feared Crawford would harm the colonel, but she did not think he would hurt her. At any rate she was not afraid that he would. With this thought in her mind, she must have met him with the hope that she could influence him to leave her and her family alone.

Anderson Bradley said that he, with A. J. Williams and Marshal Mason, was notified, and Marshal Mason was soon on the ground. He viewed the body, and then for the first time the gaping wound in the neck was seen. It was just under the chin, reaching from ear to ear, severing the jugular vein, windpipe and throat. On the chin was a bruise, as if a blow had been struck there by a fist. There was no blood under the body, or on the ground nearer than the pool mentioned. The body had evidently been moved after it had had some moments. The shawl was doubled up under the head, as it was placed there hurriedly. The murdered woman had on a red wrapper, and it was that which first attracted Frank Williams' attention.

By this time the crowd had grown much larger, and while waiting for a wagon, a rope was stretched around the body, enclosing it within a space several yards square. Marshal Mason and other officers came and looked the ground over. Another examination of the tracks was made by the Marshal and Anderson Bradley, partner of Col. Mathias.

**CELEBRATED DUNLAP HATE**

in Derby, Slugs and Crushers. Regular

opening day, Saturday, Aug. 30. The

fashionable trade of Decatur and vicinity

should not fail to call and inspect these

lines of goods.

Very truly,

1. W. EHRMAN.

**Notice.**

Some of the opposition to the Standard

Sewing Machine have succeeded in purchas-

ing, to use as stool/pincers, samples of the

old style, small bobbin Standard, and claim

that they are the improved machine. A

hint to the wise is sufficient.

Standard Office—1st door east of Library

stairway, Bicycle Headquarters—the place to

get all kinds of repair work done; scissor-

saws, tools of any kind sharpened, &c., &c.

Also District Messenger Service, telephone

Number 448; any kind of package not to exceed

10 pounds in weight delivered for 10 cents.

**GOING EAST.**

Some of the opposition to the Standard

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